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their effects disinfected by steam 120 members of crew and 28 steerage passengers. The number of pieces of baggage steamed was 297, and bedding 56. Manifests were viséed for 20,161 pieces of freight, amounting to 3,201 tons.

Emigrants were inspected and passed as follows: Steamship *Panama Maru* for Tacoma, 10 (2 Russians, 8 Japanese). The emigrants passed, together with 18 intending passengers to Peru, by the steamship *Hongkong Maru* via Honolulu, were inspected, bathed, disinfected, and their effects disinfected before embarkation. All the emigrants from Kobe to United States ports were seven days in Ono quarantine detention station.

During the week 40 cases of human hair and 4 cases of personal effects were disinfected with formalin.

MALTA.

VALLETTA—Plague on Vessel.

Vice-Consul Turnbull reports, under date of July 26, that a case of plague was landed on July 16 from the steamship *North Wales* and isolated at the quarantine station on Comino Island.

PANAMA.

BOCAS DEL TORO, Fruit Port—Inspection of Vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Osterhout reports:
Bills of health issued as follows:

WEEK ENDED AUGUST 3.

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Crew.	Passengers from this port.	Passengers in transit.
July 28	Belvernnon.....	Mobile.....	20
28	Parismina.....	New Orleans via Limon, Barrios and Belize.	80	18	28
30	Bellaventure.....	New Orleans.....	28
30	Frutera.....	New York via Port Antonio, Jamaica.	26
31	Fort Morgan.....	Mobile.....	24
Aug. 3	Atenas.....	New Orleans via Colon.....	84	53	17

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Cholera—Inspection of Vessels.

Chief Quarantine Officer Heiser reports June 23 and 30 and July 5:

Cholera in Manila.

Cholera again made its appearance in the city of Manila, 9 cases and 4 deaths being reported for the week ended June 18, 1910. The first case occurred in the person of a Greek peddler who came from Dagupan, a town which has been cholera infected for some weeks. Upon arrival at Manila he entered a boarding house, which had 40 or more inmates, and, soon after reaching there, developed a case of cholera. Before the existence of this case was known the other inmates of the boarding house became alarmed and scattered to many sections of the city. The cases which have occurred since then in Manila are all directly or indirectly traceable to the case in the Greek peddler.